# **XALQARO ANIQ FANLAR TAHLILI**



#### MODERN EDUCATIONAL SYSTEMS

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Abstract: This article gives information about recent changes in the sphere of education system in Uzbekistan as well provides striking data about worldwide actions in order to improve dwellers` literacy. Views of researchers and scientists of the world and Uzbekistan are also given.

**Keywords:** Global partnership, educational efficiency, laws about foreign languages.

Today, one of the most debatable issues which have to be tackled by mankind is improving education system. In recent decades there has been a number of reforms in this field, but how much they were efficient? How much they worked? These kind of difficult questions tend to .... From a statistic point of view, with the help efforts in attempt to increase the rate of humans` literacy several countries began developing. It is the noticeable fact that the more attention is paid to acquiring knowledge, the sooner any country will deprive of poverty.

As soon as Uzbekistan gained Independence, the former president of this republic I.A. Karimov brought laws in the field of education which demonstrates that educational system requires 12 years of compulsory schooling for both males and females. However, as the time went by, it became vivid that, most developed countries which are also known with their strategies of teaching have 11 years of schooling period. Therefore, the methods of teaching have been transformed so that Uzbekistan will make a global partnership in educational field. As regards with scholastic reforms in the world, it is always in the process of increasing. For instance, most countries are trying to focus on efficiency and provide sufficient funds to most disadvantaged schools. Take Finland as an example. In this country teachers spend most of their time on training and assessing peoples' and hold a huge respect among other professions. Compared to other nations, the students of Finland have more academic accomplishments in science since the government reduced the heavy workload of teachers as well as gave a competitive salary to have an incredible efficiency. In spite of the fact that we could not get rid of paper work fully in Uzbekistan and other nations, we are trying to work collaborately in the aim of

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having beneficial changes in teaching system. There has been marked changes, for example, we enhanced the quality of education by establishing a flexible schooling system, succeeded in shortening the gap between the educational resources of rural and urban areas and reduced the pressures of entering higher schooling. For illustration, in the last 5 years a number of well-regarded universities opened their branches in Uzbekistan such as Webster, Yodju, Sharda and this made it easy for students who want to study abroad but lack of financial support. Having referred some important some important data, it is of significance to note that not only Uzbekistan made contracts with educationally developed countries such as Japan, the USA, but tried to take their teaching methods in to action as well. In top universities it is witnessed many students are provided with all comfort to study and make inventions together with most of them are well-informed about new languages. That is why, various facilities like up-to-date technologies, latest innovations modern labs at even masterpieces are given for pupils to make their dreams comes true. Furthermore, the most significant law passed in 2012 was about teaching foreign languages in which it was said that 'President Islom Karimov signed a resolution on measures on further improving system of studying foreign language'(1). According to resolution, foreign languages predominantly English language will be taught in all schools of Uzbekistan from first classes. Moreover, in this document it was considered foreign language teachers would b also provided with additional payment at the size of 15-30% and this urged many juveniles to learn more and more. Briefly, it was a great inspiration for the youth of Uzbekistan. Now it is available for the people who are in the intention of learning, to get any information vial social media as valuable sources relating to education are being load on the Internet. Genry Ford once said that: 'Anyone who is always in the search of learning gaining new knowledge is young anyone who did not do this has already died'. As it can be concluded for this quotation improvements in education system will make our life easier and create more opportunities to solve global problems. Education was a systemic process which aimed at providing students with deep theoretical knowledge but now we are caring about more practical skills. In addition to this, in order to contribute students many organisations have been set up. Having referred that, on December 16, Shavkat Mirziyoyev signed the Law 'On pre-school education upbringing'. The law defines the main directions of state policy in the field of preschool education and upbringing as well as state guarantees for pre-school education and upbringing. In particular, the state guarantees the right of every child to receive

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compulsory one-year preparation for general secondary education in state pre-school educational institutions one year before his or her admission to general secondary education. In accordance with the Law, pre-school educational organisations can be state or non-state. As it can be seen that we should take care of youth education from early stages as education is the most powerful weapon which can be used to change the world. Nelson Mandella said that: 'Education is the first step for people to gain the knowledge, critical thinking, empowerment and skills they need to make this world a better place. Education reform has as its main purpose to make sure that the education delivered is of quality.

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