"RAQAMLASHTIRISH DAVRIDA OʻZBEK TILINI DAVLAT TILI VA XORIJIY TIL SIFATIDA OʻQITISH MASALALARI: MAHALLIY VA XORIJIY TAJRIBA" mavzusidagi xalqaro ilmiy-amaliy konferensiya toʻplami

THE INTEGRATION OF LITERATURE, CULTURE AND ART IN LANGUAGE TEACHING

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Annotation. In today's developing world, the increasing interest in language learning requires special attention to a number of issues in language teaching. This article examines the interdependence of literature, art and culture and their specific value in the process of language teaching.

Key words: literature, art, culture, historical connection, economic connection, connection between religion and culture, spiritual education

Аннотация. В современном развивающемся мире растущий интерес к изучению языков требует особого внимания к ряду вопросов преподавания языков. В данной статье рассматривается взаимозависимость литературы, искусства и культуры и их специфическое значение в процессе обучения языку.

Ключевые слова: литература, искусство, культура, историческая связь, экономическая связь, связь религии и культуры, духовное образование.

Annotatsiya. Hozirgi rivojlanayotgan zamonda til o'rganishga bo'lgan qiziqishning kundan kunga ortib borishi o'z navbatida til o'qitishdagi qator masalalarga alohida e'tibor qaratishni talab qiladi. Ushbu maqolada til o'qitish jarayonida adabiyot, san'at va madaniyatning o'zaro bog'liqligini va ularning o'ziga xos qiymatini ko'rib chiqiladi.

Kalit soʻzlar: adabiyot, san'at, madaniyat, tarixiy bog'liqlik, iqtisodiy bog'liqlik, din va madaniyatning bog'liqligi, ma'naviy tarbiya

Literature, culture and art are the main lines of language education, and they are of great importance in the formation of students' enlightenment, feelings and impressions. It is more researched in the subject and involves students learning to explain historical, social, economic and spiritual experiences, to express and discuss their ideas, to approach creatively and to express themselves clearly. Literature, culture and art have an organic relationship, and show their influence and influence on each other. Values in literature, poets and writers are the cultural and social guidelines of the society and their works are explained through the guidelines regarding the ideology, morals, politics and social condition of the society.

Interrelationships of literature, culture and art are one of the important structures of society. They have mutual relations, influence each other and have a greater influence on the cultural and social development of society.

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Historical connection - literature, culture and art play an important role in the historical development of society. Historical realities, expressed by poets and writers, explain the past and present state of society. Historical information related to the written and encoded values of literature, information on the ethics of culture and social development processes, historical changes and developments of art affect the independent thinking of society.

Social connection - literature, culture and art are interrelated in the social environment of society. They represent the values, norms, customs and fantasies of the society. Literary works, short stories, Uzbek cinema and theater productions, musical works express the moral and social experiences of the society. This helps students to provide explanations of social norms and customs.

Political connection - literature, culture and art, has its influence in political life. They provide guidance on political issues, government policy directions, and the political landscape of society. Poets and writers express political realities, political decisions of the government and political development of the society.

The relationship between religion and culture - literature, culture and art - also affects the religious and cultural experiences of society. They represent the religious values, customs and rituals of the society. Literary works, cultural and religious heritage, their impact and discussion are of great importance in the spiritual education of society.

Economic connection - literature, culture and art also affects the economic development of the society. They represent the economic development of society through economic guidelines, payment systems, and social practices. Art sales systems, creative activities in the field of literature and culture are stable indicators of economic growth and explain the economic status of society.

Such is the high value and importance of literature, culture and art that they must be implemented in every sphere of society, containing its own special effects and contributing to the development of society itself. This shows the importance of their interdependence and influence and makes all spheres of society interdependent.

The role of literature, culture and art in language teaching is huge. These areas play important roles in language learning, education and spiritual development of students. Literature is of great importance in the expression of language. Literary works, short stories, poems and stories express art in the structure of language, phrases and sentences. Students learn language through literature, learn words and phrases, translate and understand. By studying literature, students learn to focus on language and develop expressive language skills. Culture is important in the process

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of language learning and education. Through cultural concepts, works of literature, and social guidelines, students learn the cultural norms and rules of society. Culture adds meaning and enlightenment to language and provides students with an explanation of community affiliation, customs, and rituals. Art plays a unique role in language learning. Music, theater, works of great writers and poets develop expressive and creative aspects of language. The arts encourage a focus on language through literature and culture and develop students' expressive language skills and experiences. Literature, culture and art also play an important role in the spiritual development of students. They help in the formation of human enlightenment, emotions, logical discussion and human imagination. Literary works represent the human spirit, cultural characteristics and the unique development of society. All these areas play important roles in the process of language teaching, in providing students with a better explanation, expressing and discussing their thoughts, organizing creative activities, and ensuring their spiritual development. Interdependence and commonality of literature, culture and art in this process is important in language learning and spiritual education.

List of used literature:

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